

## ACCEPT THE CHALLENGE AND MOVE ON

### Lesson 16 Answers for Review Questions

1. **Answer:**

(a) powerful (b) irresistibly (c) strong (d) acute (e) attention (f) devotion

Page 2

2. **Answer:**

(a) . . . Adam in Eden

(b) . . . dwelling place there

(c) . . . dwelling place on earth

(d) . . . tabernacle among us

(e) . . . dwelling place of God on earth

Pages 2-3

3. **Answer:**

Joshua's plan put the tribes in a position to settle the need themselves. It was a plan to take them from an inactive position . . . it would help them overcome the situation that had overtaken and possess them.

Page 3

4. **Answer:**

(a) The boundaries gave each tribe ownership of an area, promoting loyalty and unity that would strengthen each tribe

(b) Etc.

For more information, see Page 4.

5. **Answer:**

(a) punishment (b) deliberate (c) murder (d) distinction (e) intentional (f) accidental

Page 6

6. **Answer:**

The cities of refuge were a clear picture of Christ who shelters us from coming judgment. The grace and mercy of God are clearly seen in setting up these cities of refuge.

Page 7

7. **Answer:**

(a) False

(b) God had earlier instructed Moses to have these cities established as a place of sanctuary for the manslayer, until he was proven innocent of willful murder or guilty of willful murder. (Note Num. 35:6-28; Deut. 4:41-43; 19:1-3; Note also Ex. 21:13).

**8. Answer:**

- (a) Other terms used for “avenger of blood” are “guardian-redeemer, “kinsman-redeemer”, etc.
- (b) A “kinsman-redeemer”: is a male relative who, according to various laws found in the Pentateuch, had the privilege or responsibility to act for a relative who was in trouble, danger or need of vindication. (Lev. 25:25-26, 47-55, NB v. 25).

For more information, see Pages 7-8.

**9. Answer:**

- (a) To provide an heir for a brother who had died (Deut. 25:5-10).
- (b) To redeem a land that a poor relative had sold outside the family (Lev. 25:25-28)
- (c) Etc.

For more information, see Page 7.

**10. Answer:**

The fundamental objective for the cities of refuge was to provide for the people guilty of accidental murder.

For more information, see Page 8

**11. Answer:**

- (a) The fugitive or manslayer was to flee to a city of refuge and state his case to the judges.
- (b) When the manslayer arrives at the city of refuge he was to be accepted by the city officials.
- (c) Etc.

For more information, see Pages 8-9

**12. Answer:**

- (a) Three cities west of Jordan (Josh. 20:7)
  - (1) Kedesh in Naphtali
  - (2) Shechem in Ephraim
  - (3) Hebron in Judah
- (b) Three cities east of Jordan (Deut. 4:41-43; Josh. 2:8)
  - (1) Golan in Bashan-Manasseh
  - (2) Ramoth-Gilead in Gad
  - (3) Bezer in Reuben

Page 9

**13. Answer:**

Item (d) . . . Anyone who had accidentally

Page 10

**14. Answer:**

- (a) God took the initiative in providing these cities.

- (b) God made a very clear distinction between willful murder and accidental homicide (Num. 39:9-21, 22-28).
- (c) God wants the innocent protected.  
For more information, see Pages 10-11

**15. Answer:**

- (a) Jesus Christ is our refuge!!  
Based on the Word of God, we have strong consolation and hope because we have fled for refuge to lay hold of hope set before us (Heb. 6:18b).
- (b) Our righteousness is of Jesus Christ!!  
We are found in Christ not having our own righteousness, which is of the law, the righteousness that we have is through Jesus Christ (Phil. 3:9)  
For more information, see Pages 11-12

**16. Answer:**

In pagan countries surrounding Israel, such as Egypt and Babylon, priesthood was closely connected with magic and superstition. The priesthood in Israel was not built on pagan practices but took into account another dimension in the religious world, that of supernatural revelation by the true and living God.

Page 12

**17. Answer:**

- (a) escape (b) judgment (c) flee (d) Christ (e) appointment (f) refuge (g) safety  
(h) judgment.

Page 12

**18. Answer:**

- (a) The three divisions of the Levitical Priesthood are (1) Levites (2) Priests and (3) The High Priest.
- (b) Divisions served by each family and areas ministered are:
- (1) Levites . . . the lowest order of priesthood.
    - The Gershon family . . . took care of the exterior of the Tabernacle . . . maintenance . . . etc.
    - The Merari family . . . responsible for transportation of the Tabernacle . . . etc.
  - (2) Priests . . . the sons of Aaron were set apart for the special office of priest.
    - They had responsibilities over the Tabernacle . . . performing sacrifices, etc.
    - Etc.
  - (3) The highest order of priesthood was the High Priest
    - The first High Priest was Aaron and succeeded by one of his sons . . . etc.
    - Etc.

For more information, see Pages 13-14

**19. Answer:**

The priests' presence among the people was a key factor in the nation of Israel acquiring and maintaining the life style required by God.

For more information, see Pages 13-14

**20. Answer:**

- (a) the seven tribes (Josh. 18:2-10) were satisfied where they were, overcome by complacency and sluggishness, and failed to claim that which was promised to them.
- (b) The Levites were wholeheartedly committed, displaying zeal and faith in God's promises.

For more information, see Page 15.

**21. Answer:**

Item (b) . . . be able to comprehend

Page 15

**22. Answer:**

- (a) The delay in the Levites making their claim was necessary because it was important for the other tribes to settle, in order for them to be able to determine what cities to be given to the Levites.
- (b) The Levites waiting until other tribes were settled was also an outstanding example of humility, modesty and patience.

For more information, see Page 16

**23. Answer:**

The willingness of the other tribes was tested because the cities given to the Levites were taken from their inheritance.

For more information, see Page 18.

**24. Answer:**

(a) life (b) energy (c) LORD (d) focus (e) ministering (f) people (g) life

Page 19

**25. Answer:**

It was God who promised Israel rest, resulting from the victories; and the people experienced victory and peace. God gave rest, physical and spiritual rest, rest of body and of heart.

for more information, see Pages 22-26

**26. Answer:**

- (a) God is faithful to his promises.
- (b) Delay is not failure.
- (c) The Lord both makes promises and fulfills them.
- (d) The conquest by Israel of the Promised Land was complete and incomplete.

For more information, see pages 25-26.