# ACCEPT THE CHALLENGE AND MOVE ON Lesson 6 Answers for Review Questions

## 1. Answer:

Achan an Israelite because of his disloyalty to the LORD and Israel brought disgrace, disaster and the removing of God's presence and guidance; he was eventually executed along with his family and were burnt along with all his possessions. Rahab a Canaanite prostitute because of her courageous allegiance to Israel and her acknowledgment of the LORD was saved along with her family from destruction. Page 2

# 2. Answer:

Israel was considered a corporate unity in covenant with and in the service of the LORD; therefore, the act of one, as with Achan, all of Israel was affected. Page 2

## 3. Answer:

(a) Defeat (b) army (c) experience (d) warning (e) generations (f) defeat (g) warfare Page 3

## 4. Answer:

Achan's act was a direct violation of the command given in regard to the accursed things of Jericho (Josh. 6:17-19). Pages 3-4

# 5. Answer:

- (a) It was God who fought Israel's battles and He owns the world and all its inhabitants; He has the right to make the rules!
- (b) Jericho was the First Fruit of conquest in Canaan and First Fruits belong to God.
- (c) Etc.
- For more information see Page 4

#### 6. Answer:

- (a) We must love God with our all and others as we love ourselves (Matt. 22:337-39; Mark 12:29-31)
- (b) There must be genuine interest in and commitment to others.
- (c) Etc.
- For more information see Pages 5-6

#### 7. Answer:

- (a) They were overconfident and did not consult God.
- (b) In their comparison to Jericho and Ai they were side tract and trusted in the strength of their army, they did not rely on God's enabling; they underestimated the demands on hand.

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# 8. Answer:

- (a) There was no evidence of Israel seeking God's presence, guidance and enabling.
- (b) God was (is) the source of victory in all battles even in these military battles against their enemies. Page 6

# 9. Answer:

- (a) False
- (b) Irrespective of how many soldiers they had the end result would have been the same, because their success depended on their relationship with God; at the time of their first attack on Ai they were not in harmony with God and were subjected to defeat. Pages 6-7

## 10. Answer:

- (a) The statement means Israel was panic stricken, just as we saw in Josh. 5:1, where the people of Jericho were in similar condition.
- (b) Israel had good reasons to be afraid because if God did not fight for them all would be lost. Page 7

## 11. Answer:

- (a) Self-confidence, acting in the arm of the flesh, will lead to failure and defeat.
- (b) When God's people sin, it must be properly addressed and corrected as needed so the work of God continues to be effective in its role.

For more information see Pages 7-8

#### 12. Answer:

Item (c) . . . properly addressed and corrected.

# 13. Answer:

(a) When there is sin or toleration of sin among God's people, the blessing of God is diminished, hindered or lost altogether. God will not bless a people who refuse to remove sin from their midst (Josh. 7:1, 11-13, 20-21)

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- (b) Etc.
- For more information see Page 8

# 14. Answer:

- (a) Sign of Great Sorrow.
- (b) Sign of Humility.
- (c) Sign of Humiliation.
- (d) Sign of Persistence.
- (e) Sign of Grief and Mourning.
- For more information see Pages 9-10

# 15. Answer:

- (a) Importunity is the state of being persistent in request or demands. It is persistent to the point of annoyance, for example as seen in (Luke 18:1-8)
- (b) Five Scriptural examples are:
  - (1) Joshua (Josh. 7:6)
  - (2) Abraham (Gen. 18:32)
  - (3) The Syrophoenician Woman (Matt. 15:22).
  - (4) Jesus (Luke 22:44)
  - (5) The Nobleman from Capernaum (John 4:49). Page 10

# 16. Answer:

- (a) Joshua saw the defeat of Israel by their enemies.
- (b) This was a possibility because, obviously, the blessings and guidance of God was not with them or their first battle at Ai would not have been lost.
  Pages 11-12

Pages 11-12

# 17. Answer:

- (a) Joshua's main concern was the name of God being tarnished.
- (b) He feared the enemy would soon wipe out Israel and ridicule God's name.
- (c) Etc.
- For more information see Pages 12-13

# 18. Answer:

(a) must (b) first (c) seek (d) God (e) the (f) Word (g) God. Page 13

# 19. Answer:

The remedy for sin and defeat is obeying God and heeding His Word. We must **hear** and **do** exactly what God tell us. Page 14

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# 20. Answer:

Item (d) . . . worse than the sin itself

# 21. Answer:

- (a) In ancient Israel casting lot was a method used to determine certain decisions.
- (b) The system varied from marked sticks or stones, etc.
- (c) It amounted to consulting God for answers ... ...
- (d) Etc.
- For more information see Page 17

# 22. Answer:

The two-fold nature of Achan's sin:

- (a) His great desecration of God.
- (b) The great offense to the people of God.

For more information see Page 18

## 23. Answer:

Item (b) . . . will experience ruin

## 24. Answer:

(a) The progression of sin: (1) See with the eyes (2) Enters the mind, then goes to the heart (3) Action is taken (4) Concealment of the sin.

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(b) Four examples were note in our lesson See Pages 21-22

## 25. Answer:

(a) place (b) terrible (c) wishing (d) never (e) terrible (f) before Page 22

# 26. Answer:

- (a) They acknowledged God's sovereignty and who He is to them.
- (b) They were waiting on God for final confirmation as to what was next to be done.
- (c) Etc.

For more information see Pages 22-23

## 27. Answer:

Item (b) . . . He that is greedy

# 28. Answer:

- (a) The profoundness: the deep, penetrating aspect, it was involving Achan and his family, all of Israel and most of all the LORD.
- (b) The place of execution was a valley which was named Valley of Achor.
- (c) The persons involved in his execution –all of Israel who were able.
- (d) The partakers with him were his family.
- For more information see Pages 23-24.

# 29. Answer:

It was a reminder and warning to future generations, and as a trademark of corruption. Page 26

# 30. Answer:

- (a) The valley where Achan was executed was renamed "Valley of Achor" or "Valley of Trouble."
- (b) It signifies the trouble Achan brought upon Israel because of his sin.
- For more information see Page 27